c-CARE

cancer-Community Awareness Access Research & Education

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The Need for c-CARE

- Lung cancer mortality
- Higher mortality among African Americans
- Lung cancer screening recommendation
- Slower screening adoption among the medically underserved



American Cancer Society, 2016; Baggett et al., 2015

Target Population

- Minority; medically underserved
- Age 21-80 years
- English speaking
- Smokers and non-smokers



Project Goals and Objectives

- Decrease lung cancer mortality
- Increase participants'
 - awareness of cancer risk factors
 - early detection behaviors
 - knowledge of lung cancer screening recommendation
- Navigate to lung cancer screening and tobacco cessation services



The Intervention

- Evidenced-based curriculum
- Community Health Workers
- Four weekly 90 minute classes
- Navigation to services



Partners

- 12 Community Sites
 - -7 African-American Churches
 - -4 clinics
 - -Salvation Army Kroc Center







Module Components

- Education
- Community resources
- Nurse navigation
- Social media campaign
- Community outreach
- Policy implementation



Progress to Date

- 5 of 12 sites complete
- 28 Community Health Workers trained
- 218 participants enrolled
- 60% of eligible have undergone screening
- 45% of smokers have enrolled in cessation

Lessons Learned

- Team presence in clinic sites
- Health professional required
- Site readiness assessment



Key Next Steps

- Community Health Workers Training
- Recruitment at Salvation Army Kroc Center
- Annual Community Health Workers Forum
- Coordination of Cohort Three sites
- Collaboration with GA Dept. of Public Health



Wild Card

The worth of a picture



