GASTRIC CANCER BY THE NUMBERS

GASTRIC CANCER IS THE 5TH MOST COMMON CANCER GLOBALLY, WITH MORE THAN 950,000 CASES DIAGNOSED ANNUALLY.

WHAT IS GASTRIC CANCER?
GA斯特IC CANCER IS A TYPE OF CANCER THAT BEGINS IN THE STOMACH.

ABOUT: 90-95% OF CANCERS OF THE STOMACH ARE ADENOCARCINOMA, WHICH DEVELOPS IN THE CELLS THAT FORM THE INNERMOST LINING OF THE STOMACH.

OTHER TYPES INCLUDE:
- SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA
- LYMPHOMA OF THE STOMACH
- GASTROINTESTINAL STROMAL TUMORS
- NEUROENDOCRINE TUMORS

GASTRIC CANCER GLOBALLY
ESTIMATED NUMBERS OF ANNUAL NEW GASTRIC CASES BY REGION (THOUSANDS)

- NORTH AMERICA: 24.5
- EUROPE: 139.6
- ASIA: 699.9
- SOUTH AMERICA: 43.9
- AFRICA: 23.8
- AUSTRALIA & NEW ZEALAND: 2.4

MEDIAN AGE
AT DIAGNOSIS: 68
AT DEATH: 72

STOMACH CANCER IS MORE COMMON IN MEN THAN WOMEN.

5-YEAR SURVIVAL RATES BY STAGE
THE FIVE-YEAR SURVIVAL RATES VARY, DEPENDING ON THE STAGE AND TYPE OF GASTRIC CANCER.

- LOCALIZED: 67.2%
- REGIONAL: 30.7%
- UNSTAGED: 22.1%
- DISTANT: 5.2%

SIGNS & SYMPTOMS
THE SIGNS & SYMPTOMS OF GASTRIC CANCER CAN VARY DEPENDING ON THE STAGE OF THE CANCER. IN GENERAL, SYMPTOMS MAY ALSO BE ASSOCIATED WITH OTHER CONDITIONS. TALK TO YOUR DOCTOR IF YOU HAVE ANY OF THESE SYMPTOMS.

- POOR APPETITE
- UNINTENTIONAL WEIGHT LOSS
- STOMACH PAIN
- VAGUE DISCOMFORT IN THE ABDOMEN, ABOVE THE NAVEL
- FEELING FULL AFTER EATING SMALL AMOUNTS OF FOOD
- HEARTBURN OR INDIGESTION
- NAUSEA
- VOMITING, WITH OR WITHOUT BLOOD
- SWELLING OR FLUID BUILD-UP IN THE ABDOMEN
- LOW RED BLOOD CELL COUNT

TREATMENT OPTIONS
A PATIENT’S TREATMENT OPTIONS ARE LARGELY DEPENDENT ON THE STAGE OF DISEASE AND MAY INCLUDE:

- SURGERY
- RADIATION THERAPY
- CHEMOTHERAPY
- TARGETED THERAPY
- IMMUNOTHERAPY

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