



AUDIT COMMITTEE CHARTER

Purposes

The Audit Committee (the “Committee”) is appointed by and generally acts on behalf of the Board of Directors (the “Board”). The Committee’s purposes shall be: (a) to assist the Board in its oversight of (i) the quality and integrity of the Company’s financial statements, financial reporting and disclosure controls and procedures, including internal controls; (ii) the performance of the Company’s internal audit function; (iii) the Company’s compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; (iv) the effectiveness of the Company’s compliance and ethics program; and (v) the effectiveness of enterprise risk assessment and risk management policies and guidelines; (b) to interact directly with and evaluate the performance of the independent registered public accounting firm (“independent auditors”), including to determine whether to engage or dismiss the independent auditors and to evaluate the independent auditors’ qualifications and independence; and (c) to prepare annually the report required by the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) for inclusion in the proxy statement for the Company’s annual meeting of stockholders.

The Committee's responsibilities are principally of an oversight nature. Management is responsible for the preparation, presentation, and integrity of the Company’s financial statements, including ensuring that the financial statements are accurate, complete and stated in accordance with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (“GAAP”) and, together with the other financial information included in the Company’s public disclosures, fairly present the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Company. Management is also responsible for the Company's financial reporting process, accounting policies, internal audit function, internal accounting controls and disclosure controls and procedures. The independent auditors are responsible for planning and conducting an audit of the Company's annual financial statements, expressing an opinion as to the conformity of such annual financial statements with GAAP and the effectiveness of the Company’s internal controls over financial reporting, and reviewing the Company's quarterly financial statements.

Composition

The Committee shall consist of three or more independent directors of the Company designated by the Committee on Directors and Corporate Governance and approved by a majority of the whole Board of Directors by resolution or resolutions. Any director who is a present or former employee of the Company may not serve on the Committee. The members of the Committee shall meet the independence and experience requirements

of the New York Stock Exchange, Section 10A(m)(3) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act"), and SEC rules and regulations.

In addition, the members of the Committee shall be financially literate, as determined by the Board in its business judgment, or must become financially literate within a reasonable amount of time after appointment to the Committee. Members of the Committee are not required to be engaged in the accounting or auditing profession and, consequently, some members may not be experts in financial matters or in matters involving accounting or auditing. However, at least one member of the Committee shall, in the judgment of the Board, be an "audit committee financial expert" in accordance with the rules and regulations of the SEC and at least one member, who may also serve as an "audit committee financial expert," shall in, the judgment of the Board, have the accounting and financial management expertise required in accordance with New York Stock Exchange rules.

The members of the Committee shall serve one-year terms. The Committee on Directors and Corporate Governance shall recommend, and the Board shall designate, one member of the Committee to serve as Chairperson. The members of the Committee shall serve until their resignation, retirement, or removal by the Board and until their successors shall be appointed. No member of the Committee shall be removed except by majority vote of the independent directors of the full Board then in office.

The Committee shall have the resources and authority appropriate to discharge its responsibilities, including the authority to retain independent legal counsel, accounting or other consultants or experts to advise the Committee. The Committee may also utilize the services of the Company's regular legal counsel and other advisors to the Company. The Company shall provide for appropriate funding, as determined by the Committee, for payment of compensation to the independent auditors and any other advisors retained by the Committee.

Generally, no member of the Committee may serve simultaneously on the audit committees of more than three public companies (including the Company) without specific Board determination that such simultaneous service will not impair the ability of such Committee member to serve on the Committee.

Meetings

The Committee shall meet at least six times annually, or more frequently as circumstances dictate. A majority of the Committee members shall be present to constitute a quorum for the transaction of the Company's business. The Committee will meet periodically in separate executive sessions with the Company's Chief Audit Officer, with management, and with the independent auditors to discuss any matters that the Committee or each of these groups believes should be discussed privately. The Committee may also request any officer or employee of the Company or the Company's

outside counsel or independent auditors to attend a meeting of the Committee or to meet with any members of, or consultants to, the Committee.

Member Compensation

No Committee member shall accept, directly or indirectly, any consulting, advisory or other compensatory fees from the Company, except for the member's fees for services as a director and member of the Committee and any other committees of the Board.

Responsibilities and Duties

The Committee shall:

- (1) have the sole authority and responsibility for the appointment and termination of the Company's independent auditors. The Committee also shall be responsible for setting the compensation and retention terms for, and overseeing and evaluating the performance of, the independent auditors for the purpose of preparing or issuing an audit report or performing other audit, review, or attest services for the Company. The independent auditors shall report directly to the Committee.
- (2) have sole authority and responsibility to pre-approve all auditing services, internal control-related services and permitted non-audit services (including the terms thereof) to be performed for the Company by its independent auditor, subject to the *de minimus* exceptions for non-audit services described in Section 10A(i)(1)(B) of the Exchange Act which are approved by the Committee prior to the completion of the audit. The Committee may form and delegate authority to subcommittees consisting of one or more members when appropriate, including the authority to grant pre-approvals of audit and permitted non-audit services, provided that decisions of such subcommittee to grant pre-approvals shall be presented to the full Committee at its next scheduled meeting.
- (3) at least annually, (a) receive and review a report from the independent auditors describing the auditing firm's internal quality-control procedures and any material issues raised by the most recent internal quality-control review, peer review or Public Company Accounting Oversight Board ("PCAOB") review of the independent auditor, or any inquiry or investigation by governmental or professional authorities within the preceding five years, relating to independent audits carried out by the firm, and any steps taken to deal with any such issues; and (b) consider the independence of the independent auditor, including reviewing a report by the independent auditor describing all relationships between the independent auditor and the Company or individuals in a financial reporting oversight role at the Company that may reasonably be thought to bear on the firm's independence and discuss with the independent auditor the potential effects of any disclosed relationships on their independence.

- (4) review and discuss with the independent auditors and with management the proposed scope of the annual audit, past audit experience, the Company's internal audit program, recently completed internal audits and other matters bearing upon the scope of the audit. The discussion will include a review of any audit problems or difficulties the independent auditor encountered in the course of the audit work, including any restrictions on the scope of the independent auditors' activities or on access to requested information, and any significant disagreements with management and management's responses to such matters. The Committee shall be responsible for resolution of any disagreements between the independent auditors and management regarding financial reporting.
- (5) meet to review and discuss with management and the independent auditors the annual audited and quarterly financial statements of the Company including the Company's specific disclosures under "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" prior to the filing of a periodic report on Form 10-K or 10-Q with the SEC. This discussion should include (a) matters required to be discussed by the applicable Auditing Standards issued by the PCAOB regarding annual and quarterly financial statements; (b) major issues regarding accounting principles and financial statement presentations, including critical accounting estimates and judgments, significant changes in the Company's selection or application of accounting principles, and major issues as to the adequacy of the Company's internal controls and special audit steps adopted in light of any material control deficiencies; (c) any relevant legislative or regulatory developments or changes in accounting standards that could materially impact the Company's contingent liabilities and risks; and (d) the effect of regulatory and accounting initiatives, as well as off-balance sheet structures (if any) on the Company's financial statements.
- (6) recommend to the Board based on the review described in paragraphs 3 and 5 whether the audited financial statements should be included in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K.
- (7) review and discuss with the independent auditors all required communications between the independent auditors and the Committee, including reports that the independent auditors are required to provide to the Committee relating to significant financial reporting issues and judgments made in connection with preparation of the Company's financial statements, including, among other things, (a) the Company's selection, application, and disclosure of accounting policies and practices that the independent auditors identify as critical; (b) all alternative treatments of GAAP that have been discussed between management and the independent auditors, including the ramifications of such treatments and the treatment preferred by the independent auditors; and (c) any material written communications between the independent auditors and management, such as any management letter, representation letter, or schedule of unadjusted differences.

- (8) after reviewing the reports from the independent auditors and the independent auditors' work throughout the audit period, conduct an annual evaluation of the independent auditors' qualifications, performance, and independence. This evaluation shall include review and evaluation of the lead audit partner, including any rotation of the lead partner or independent auditor as may be necessary or advisable in accordance with applicable SEC and PCAOB rules or in order to assure continuing auditor independence and such other matters as the Committee may consider relevant. In making its evaluation, the Committee shall take into account the opinions of management and the Company's Chief Audit Officer. The Committee shall present its conclusions with respect to the independent auditors to the full Board.
- (9) discuss with management and with the independent auditors the Company's earnings press releases, as well as financial information and earnings guidance provided to analysts and ratings agencies. The Committee's discussion in this regard may be general in nature (such as the type of information to be disclosed and the type of presentation to be made paying particular attention to any non-GAAP financial measures). The Committee need not discuss in advance each earnings release or each instance in which the Company may provide earnings guidance.
- (10) discuss regularly with management the Company's policies and guidelines regarding risk assessment and risk management, as well as the Company's major financial risk exposures and steps management has taken to monitor and control such exposures and review of the Company's process in assessing, managing, mitigating, and monitoring enterprise risks, including those related to cybersecurity and reputational risks.
- (11) review and approve, whether by full Committee or by delegation to the Committee Chairperson, (i) decisions regarding the appointment and replacement of the Chief Audit Officer, (ii) the internal audit charter; (iii) the internal audit plan; and (iv) internal audit budget and resource plan; and meet separately, periodically, with members of management, the Chief Audit Officer, and independent auditors to review the scope and results of the internal audit program, including the Global Internal Audit & Assurance's Reports of Activities, the adequacy of the Global Internal Audit & Assurance's resources, and discuss any matters that the Chief Audit Officer believes warrant Committee attention.
- (12) establish and maintain procedures for (a) the receipt, retention, and treatment of complaints received by the Company regarding accounting, internal accounting controls, or auditing matters; and (b) the confidential, anonymous submission by Company employees of concerns regarding questionable accounting or auditing matters.
- (13) discuss periodically with management and the independent auditors the adequacy of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures and its internal controls and

procedures for financial reporting, including any significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal controls, any material changes in internal controls and any fraud involving management or other employees that are reported to the Committee. In addition, the Committee shall review and discuss with management and the independent auditors (a) the annual report of management affirming management's responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal control over financial reporting and assessing the effectiveness of the internal control structure over financial reporting; and (b) the independent auditors' report on, and attestation of, management's report when those reports are required by SEC rules. Additionally, the Committee shall provide oversight over and review the effectiveness of management's antifraud programs and controls.

- (14) review at least annually the entry by the Company into over-the-counter derivatives transactions that are exempt from clearing and from trading on a swap execution facility under the Commodity Exchange Act in accordance with applicable rules of the Commodity Futures Trading Commission, and otherwise review and consider the reliance by the Company on any applicable exemptions from requirements that would otherwise apply to the Company's derivatives trading under the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2010 or other applicable law.
- (15) confirm with management on at least a biennial basis that the Company's Principles of Integrity have been communicated by the Company to all key employees of the Company and its subsidiaries throughout the world with a direction that all such key employees certify that they have read, understand and are not aware of any violations of the Principles of Integrity. The Committee shall have the sole responsibility to grant waivers of the Principles of Integrity and the Code of Ethics for Senior Financial Officers to the Company's executive officers and senior financial officers.
- (16) review the Company's information asset security and data protection program.
- (17) review and discuss at least annually with the Company's Chief Compliance and Ethics Officer the effectiveness of the Company's global compliance program.
- (18) meet periodically with the Company's Chief Compliance and Ethics Officer and the General Counsel to discuss and review compliance and legal matters that may have a material impact on the financial statements or the Company's policies, procedures and internal controls and advise the Board on these discussions.
- (19) establish policies for the hiring by the Company of employees or former employees of independent auditors.
- (20) review and discuss with management relevant financial affairs and policies of the Company, including matters relating to cash investments, financial derivatives and insurance.

- (21) through the Committee's Chairperson, regularly report to the full Board on the Committee's activities and actions.
- (22) provide the Company and the Board with the report of the Committee with respect to the audited financial statements for inclusion in the Company's annual proxy statement as required by SEC rules.
- (23) annually evaluate the Committee's performance and deliver a report to the Board setting forth the results of the evaluation.
- (24) review and reassess the adequacy of this Charter annually and recommend any proposed changes to the Board for approval.
- (25) perform any other activities consistent with this Charter, the Company's Certificate of Incorporation, Bylaws and governing law or regulation, as the Committee or the Board deems necessary or appropriate.

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